









NOUNS IN SPANISH WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT SPANISH NOUNS













EXAMPLES OF <u>NOUNS</u> IN SPANISH





El gato
The cat



El reloj The clock



La mesa The table



El paraguas The umbrella



El niño The boy



París Paris



El vaso The cup



USING <u>NOUNS</u> IN SPANISH

SUBJECT

Performs the action or is being described.



La pelota azul es del niño. The blue ball belongs to the kid.

OBJECT

Receives the verb's action.



El niño patea la pelota. The kid kicks the ball.

TYPES OF <u>NOUNS</u> IN SPANISH

PROPER

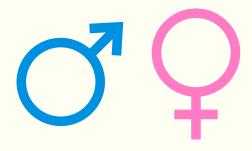
- María
- Estados Unidos
- El Amazonas
- París
- Juan
- Ben

COMMON

- <u>Simple</u>: silla, mesa.
- <u>Compound</u>: paraguas.
- <u>Collective</u>: gente, familia.
- Individual: persona, amigo.
- Concrete: manzana, lápiz.
- Abstract: idea, felicidad.
- Countable: vaso, litro.
- <u>Uncountable</u>: aire, calor.

RULES FOR SPANISH NOUNS

Gender



Spanish Nouns have gender. This means they can either be masculine or feminine.

<u>Determiners</u>

Nouns are always accompanied by a determiner.

Plural Forms



The plural form refers to a group of things or people.

Agreement



Adjectives & determiners must agree in number and, sometimes, in gender with nouns.



Capitalization

Spanish nouns and words have capitalization rules unique from English.



LINK TO THIS GUIDE



Nouns in Spanish: What You Need to Know About Spanish Nouns

RELATED GUIDES & RESOURCES TO CHECK OUT

Gender of Nouns

Nouns & Articles

List of Common Nouns

Plural Words Guide

Parts of Speech

Capitalization Rules



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